VACCINATE BEFORE YOU GRADUATE

After you move your tassel, vaccines can be a hassle.

It's important to get your vaccines before you graduate. Here's why:

> Environments such as dorms, workplaces or classrooms, public transportation, parties, and sporting events make diseases easy to spread

The Vaccines for Children (VFC) program covers the uninsured and underinsured through 18 years of age ⁺



Take advantage while you still have insurance through your parents or guardians

Not having a car on-campus can make getting to the doctors tricky (think bus or bike)



Whether you move away for college, trade school, or a job, see your local health care provider now, while you are still nearby

Many occupations or colleges require you to be fully vaccinated prior to entrance



For full protection, some vaccines require multiple doses over an extended period of time

Take the time to get up-to-date now before it becomes an inconvenience!

Do The MATH!

Do Your Doses Add Up to Equal **Protection?**

Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine (MCV)

Adolescent Catch-Up Vaccines

L etanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis (Tdap)

Human Papillomavirus (HPV)

See back side for details

85%

16-18 year-olds in Michigan who are NOT up-to-date with all their needed vaccines (MCIR data, Feb 2014)

.6%

women who contract HPV through skin-to-skin contact before ever having vaginal sex () Infect Dis, Mar 2013)

20%

survivors of meningococcal disease who have permanent complications, such as hearing loss, brain damage, or loss of a limb (CDC Pink Book, May 2012)

Meningococcal Conjugate (MCV)	${ m A}$ dolescent Catch-Up	Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis (Tdap)	Human Papillomavirus (HPV)
2 DOSES	MULTIPLE DOSES	1 DOSE	3 DOSES
MCV vaccine protects you against meningitis, which affects the brain and spinal cord.	Many vaccines are given during childhood to give you life-long protection against diseases.	Tdap vaccine protects you against pertussis (whooping cough), diphtheria, and tetanus.	HPV vaccine protects against cervical cancer in women and genital warts in men and women. It will also protect you against
If you contract meningitis, it can cause brain damage, severe disabilities or death. Common symptoms	If you have not received all of the below vaccines, it is not too late! 3 doses of hepatitis B vaccine (Hep B)	Tetanus causes painful tightening of the muscles and is very serious. It is found in soil and enters the body through a cut or wound.	several other cancers.* HPV is a common infection transmitted by skin-to-skin contact during sexual activity.
include a fever, rash, headache, or stiff neck. It is spread through close	2 doses of hepatitis A vaccine (Hep A) 2 doses of measles,	Diptheria can make you unable to breath or move body parts. It is spread by coughing or sneezing.	Even if you do not have sex, you can still get HPV. HPV infection often has no symptoms so you could have it and not
contact with an infected person, such as coughing, kissing, and sharing food or drinks. This disease is easily spread on college	mumps, rubella vaccine (MMR) 2 doses of varicella	Pertussis can cause severe coughing and choking, making it	know. The best time to get HPV vaccine is at 11-12 years
The first dose should be given at 11-12 years of age and the second should be given at 16. If	(chickenpox) vaccine At least 3 doses of polio vaccine (IPV or OPV) Flu vaccine every year	difficult for you to breathe or eat. It is spread by coughing, sneezing or close contact with an infected person. Tdap vaccine is usually	of age, well before sexual activity starts. However, if you missed your doses, you should still get the vaccine through 26 years of age.
you have not received this vaccine, make sure you get one before you get your diploma.	These vaccines are important, especially if you plan to travel. You need all doses for full protection.	given at the 11-12 years of age. However, anyone who has not had Tdap vaccine needs a dose.	This vaccine is very effective against several types of HPV and works best if you get all three doses prior to exposure.

